Notification of Possession of Select Agents or								
High Consequence Livestock Pathogens and Toxins								
Principal Investigator:								
2. Department:								
3. Laboratory Room Number(s):								
4. Building:								
5. Phone:			6. E-mail:					
FAX:								
7. Check "X" for each agent or Toxin Used or Possessed by Your Lab:	Viable	Recombin Organism Acid or Ge Element fi Agent	, Nucleic enetic	Altered USDA or FDA Approved Vaccine Strains	Registered with HHS Select Agent Program			
HHS Select Agents								
<ul> <li>CRIMEAN-CONGO HAEMORRHAGIC FEVER VIRUS</li> </ul>								
□ EBOLA VIRUSES								
□ LASSA FEVER VIRUS								
□ MARBURG VIRUS								
□ RICKETTSIA PROWAZEKII								
□ RICKETTSIA RICKETTSII								
□ SOUTH AMERICAN HAEMORRHAGIC FEVER VIRUSES								
□ TICK-BORNE ENCEPHALITIS COMPLEX VIRUSES								
□ VARIOLA MAJOR VIRUS (SMALLPOX VIRUS)								
□ VIRUSÉS CAUSING HANTAVIRUS PULMONARY SYNDROME								
□ YELLOW FEVER VIRUS								
□ YERSINIA PESTIS								
□ ABRIN								
□ CONOTOXINS								
□ DIACETOXYSCIRPENOL								
□ RICIN								
□ SAXITOXIN								
□ TETRODOTOXIN								
USDA-HHS Overlap Agents								
□ BACILLUS ANTHRACIS								
□ BRUCELLA ABORTUS								
□ BRUCELLA MELITENSIS								
□ BRUCELLA SUIS								
□ BURKHOLDERIA (PSEUDOMONAS) MALLEI								
□ BURKHOLDERIA (PSEUDOMONAS) PSEUDOMALLEI								
□ CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM								
□ COCCIDIOIDES IMMITIS								
□ COXIELLA BURNETII								
□ EASTERN EQUINE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS								

		T						
□ EQUINE MORBILLIVIRUS (HENDRA VIRUS)								
□ FRANCISELLA TULARENSIS								
□ RIFT VALLEY FEVER VIRUS								
□ VENEZUELAN EQUINE								
ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS								
□ AFLATOXINS								
□ BOTULINUM TOXINS								
□ CLOSTRIDIUM PERFRINGENS EPSILON TOXIN								
□ SHIGATOXIN								
□ STAPHYLOCOCCAL ENTEROTOXIN								
□ T-2 TOXIN								
USDA High Conseque	nce Liv	estock Pathoger	s and Toxins					
USDA High Consequence Livestock Pathogens and Toxins  AFRICAN HORSE SICKNESS VIRUS								
☐ AFRICAN SWINE FEVER VIRUS								
□ AKABANE VIRUS								
□ AVIAN INFLUENZA VIRUS (HIGHLY								
PATHOGENIC)								
□ BLUE TONGUE VIRUS (EXOTIC)								
□ BOVINE SPONGIFORM								
ENCEPHALOPATHY AGENT								
□ CAMEL POX VIRUS								
□ CLASSICAL SWINE FEVER VIRUS								
□ COWDRIA RUMINANTIUM								
(HEARTWATER)								
FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE VIRUS								
GOAT POX VIRUS								
□ JAPANESE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS								
□ LUMPY SKIN DISEASE VIRUS								
<ul><li>MALIGNANT CATARRHAL FEVER VIRUS</li></ul>								
□ MENANGLE VIRUS								
□ MYCOPLASMA CAPRICOLUM/M.F								
38/M.MYCOIDES CAPRI								
(CONTAGIOUS CAPRINE								
PLEUROPNEUMONIA AGENT)  MYCOPLASMA MYCOIDES								
MYCOIDES (CONTAGIOUS BOVINE								
PLEUROPNEUMONIA AGENT)								
□ NEWCASTLE DISEASE VIRUS								
(EXOTIC)								
□ NIPAH VIRUS								
□ PESTE DES PETITS RUMINANTS VIRUS								
□ RINDERPEST VIRUS								
□ SHEEP POX VIRUS								
□ SWINE VESICULAR DISEASE VIRUS								
□ VESICULAR STOMATITIS VIRUS								
A	ddition	al Agent	1	1				
□ POLIOVIRUS								

8. Type of Work		Diagnostic Work		Large Scale Production		
Performed by Laboratory:			Teaching			
		Research		Storage Only (No current work)		
		Use in animals		Other (Specify):		
9. List all USDA Veterinary Permit Numbers for Importation and Transportation of Controlled						
Materials and Organisms and Vectors Numbers (if applicable):						
I hereby certify that I am the designated Responsible Party or Principal Investigator for the laboratory listed above, and that the information supplied on this form is to the best of my knowledge accurate and truthful. I understand that a false statement on any part of this form could result in a fine up to \$500,000 or imprisonment of up to five years, or both for each violation (18 USC1001; 18 USC 3559.3571)						
10. Print Name:			11. Date:			

## **Definitions of Categories:**

Viable: Capable of replication on its own, in cell culture, or in an appropriate host. Recombinant organism, Nucleic acid, or Genetic elements from agent include any of the following:

- Nonviable agents
- Full-length nucleic acid from any of the viruses on the list. For Variola major virus (Smallpox), any segment that exceeds 100 nucleotides in length.
- Natural or synthetic nucleic acids from bacteria, fungi, or viruses on the list that
  encode for either a functional toxin or virulence factor sufficient to cause disease,
  or natural or synthetic nucleic acid that encodes for a functional toxin of any of
  the toxins listed, if: (1) expressed in vivo; (2) in an expression vector or host
  chromosome; or (3) in a carrier plasmid.

**Altered USDA or FDA approved vaccine strains:** Vaccine strains that have been modified from their original licensed, approved or registered forms.